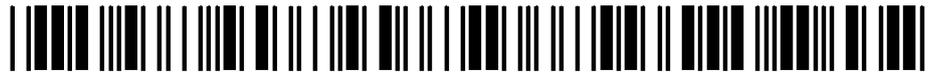


# **Assembly and User Instructions**

## **Fireplace Insert, Lotus Unico**

Version 2, 23/08-2014





## Introduction

### *Congratulations on your new Lotus Fireplace Insert*

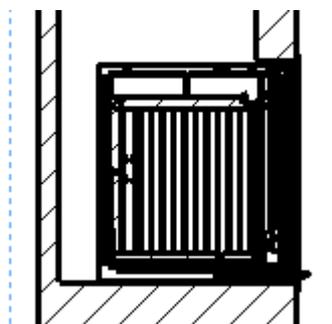
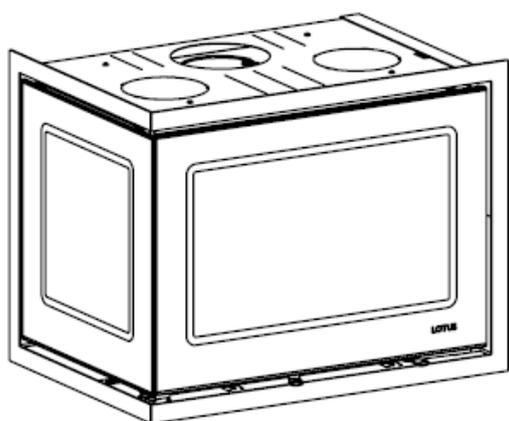
We hope and believe that it will give you many warm hours. But before you may truly benefit from your investment, you should read this guide thoroughly. It provides some specific advice as to how you will benefit the most from your fireplace insert – now, as well as in the years to come. This is why this guide would be worth while keeping, like all other directions for use.

Lotus may look back on a long tradition, making our first productions back in 1979. Our production is now run at Langeskov, and exported to many European markets. Lotus products are made to a fine Danish tradition, serving its owners faithfully for years. So, once again congratulations on your new Lotus fireplace insert – making for a warm and cosy beginning of an all new home life for you.

### **Fireplace Insert Assembly**

Before your new fireplace insert will be ready to exude warmth and a cosy atmosphere, you should read these lines thoroughly, reviewing the requirements for the assembly and the environment. Also, reference is made to all local regulations, including those referring to national and European standards, to be met in the installation of your fireplace insert.

The hole size required for assembly appears from the leaflet material as well as the line drawings on the last page of these instructions.

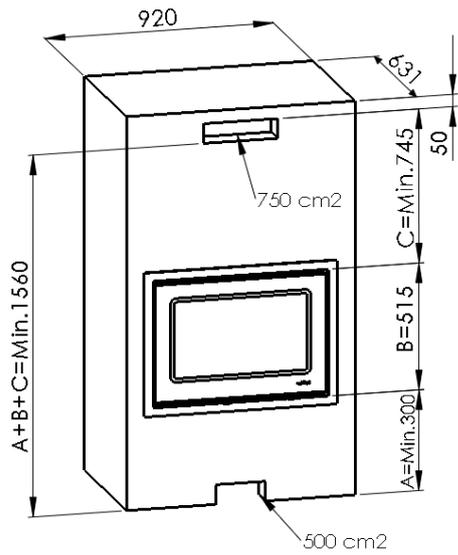


The potential for the building-in of fireplace inserts is vast; they may be built into the wall, on the outside of the wall, and may be suspended on the wall. Building-in shall take place in connection with non-inflammable materials only. Virtually all installations are designed individually, and in all cases the distance to inflammable matter must meet the values stated below.

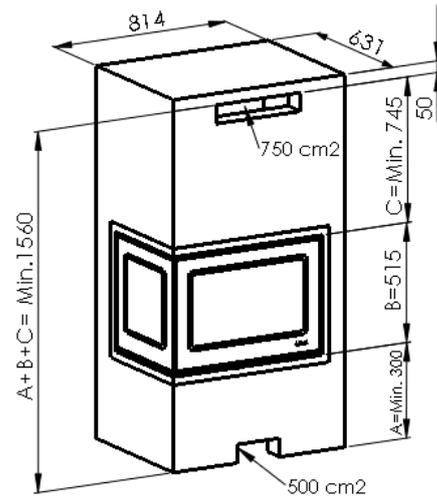
By setup in connection with inflammable material, you must create a structure to the cassette by a steel frame and super isol plates (or plates of equal or better insulation), see example with minimum measurements.

### ***The Base***

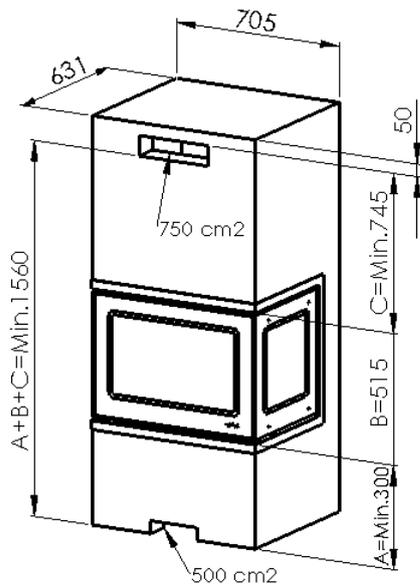
The base must, of course, be firm and have adequate load-bearing capacity. This will usually pose no problem when assembling in an open fireplace.



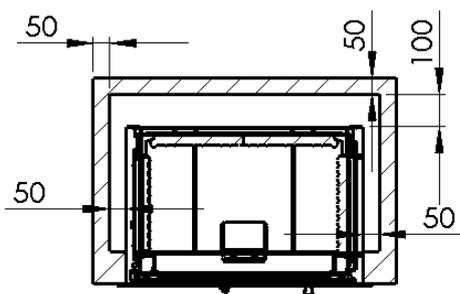
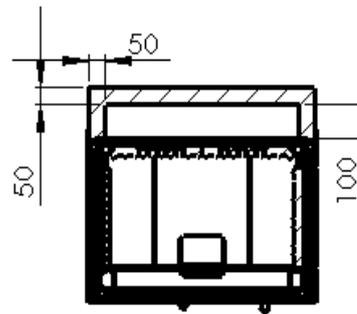
Unico 10



Unico 11/12



Unico 13



**Insulating material:** Useable are all AGI Q 132 registered insulating material.

All measurements are intended as minimum distances.

#### Distance to inflammable material

When the fireplace insert is mounted in an existing brick fireplace, the requirements for distance to inflammable material and fireproofing on the floor will usually be in order.

If it is a matter of a new building, reference is made to any local regulations on fireproofing etc. You may contact your chimney sweeper for clarification of any issues of doubt.

#### Wood stove data, testing to EN-13 229/CE

Model	Flue gas Temperature at nominal	Output KW	Flue gas Mass flow g/s	Flue Pa	Weight Kg	Distance to inflammable material	
						Distance behind Structure cm	Next to Structure cm
Unico 10	359	6	5,1	12	122	0	0
Unico 11	359	6	5,1	12	122	0	0/80
Unico 12	359	6	5,1	12	122	0	0/80
Unico 13	359	6	5,1	12	122	0	80/80

For furniture, a distance of 1,2 metres is recommended.

#### ***Distance to non-inflammable material***

For non-inflammable material, no requirements apply.

#### ***The Chimney***

A good chimney draught is essential for how well a fireplace insert will burn. Note that there should be access to cleaning doors.

The working height of the chimney should typically range between 3.5 and 4.5 metres. Working height shall be understood as the distance from the fireplace insert top to the top of the chimney.

The internal diameter of the chimney shall be min. 150 mm (inside dim.) in steel chimneys and min.175-180 mm in brick chimneys or chimneys made of ceramic units as their inside surface will frequently be rough and will offer resistance.

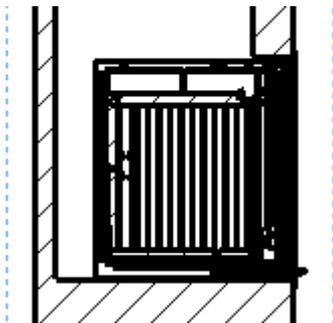
All joints and connecting points shall, of course, be tight, and the chimney shall provide a draught of min. 1.2mm water head (12 Pa).

#### ***Register***

If your chimney has a register, this must have a forced opening of min. 20cm<sup>2</sup>.

### ***Assembly of Smoke Turn Plates***

The illustration below shows how to place the smoke turn plates when viewing a section in the fireplace insert from the side.



The smoke turn plate is removed by lifting at one side after which it will come clear of the other side and be taken down into the combustion chamber and out through the door. Similarly, it is put in place by moving it up askew at one side and then at the other side, and it is then put in place in the middle.

### ***Combustion Air Supply***

A good and clean combustion will benefit from an adequate supply of air to the fire. To allow for this, it is, however, a condition that air be supplied to the room in which the fireplace insert has been put up.

In certainly the majority of rooms there will be an adequate amount of air, particularly if some of the doors between the rooms of the house are left open. In special cases, an air valve may have to be placed in the exterior wall of the room in which the fireplace insert has been put up. The air valves are to be placed so that they may not be blocked.

### ***Floor***

On the floor in front of your fireplace insert, there should be a non-inflammable plate, for instance made of steel or stone material. This plate should be big enough to reach min. 50cm in front of the fireplace insert and 30 cm at each side of the fireplace opening.

### ***Chimney Sweeper***

Once your new fireplace insert has been assembled, do make a point of registering the installation with the chimney sweeper. For one thing, the installation is to be inspected, and the chimney will also have to be swept by the chimney sweeper in the years to come.

## Using your fireplace insert

Below, you will find a description of kindling and firing of your fireplace insert. The wood volume and register setting may be varied as required individually for heating and the draught of the actual chimney.

The insert are intended for intermittent combustion.

### *Kindling and Current Firing*

1. Put appr. 2,0kg kindling pins in at the bottom of the fireplace insert, stacked cross-wise like a log house. Put 2 spirit blocks in the middle, and light these.
2. Close the door ajar, leaving an opening of appr. 2 cm. Open the air damper entirely under the damper (pulling it all the way out). Leave the fireplace insert like this for about 5- or 10 minutes before closing the door entirely and pushing the handle in locked position.
3. Dampen the air damper as required during the kindling.
4. Once the fire has burned down to the state of glowing (no more flames seen), open the door carefully so that the ashes will not be stirred up and come out. Cautiously spread the glows using a poker so as to make these lie in an even layer.
5. Put 2 pieces of wood into the fireplace insert, a total of about 1.8kg. Put these pieces at the bottom of the fireplace insert, parallel with the fireplace insert front. The pieces to be laid at some little distance between them to allow for some air in between. The front piece will be lit best if it has a chopped side facing the door, and another facing the glows. Close the door tightly at once.
6. **The damper may be opened entirely and damped again once the fire has caught on well. Just how much the damper should be opened may vary with the draught of the particular chimney but the flames are now to stabilize so as to assume the appearance of a “calmly” burning fire.**
7. When the wood has burned down to the state of glows (after about one hour), start all over from item 4.

### **Refuelling on to a low fire bed**

If there is insufficient burning material in the firebed to light a new fuel charge, excessive smoke emission can occur. Refuelling must be carried out onto a sufficient quantity of glowing embers and ash that the new fuel charge will ignite in a reasonable period. If there are too few embers in the fire bed, add suitable kindling to prevent excessive smoke

### **Fuel overloading**

The maximum amount of fuel specified in this manual should not be exceeded, overloading can cause excess smoke.

### **Operation with door left open**

Operation with the door open can cause excess smoke. The appliance must not be operated with the appliance door left open except as directed in the instructions.

### **Dampers left open**

Operation with the air controls or dampers open can cause excess smoke. The appliance must not be operated with air controls or dampers door left open except as directed in the instructions

**8.**

### **Ashes**

The ashes may be dumped in the waste bin for scavenging. The ashes should always have been cooled for one or two days before being dumped in the waste bin as there might otherwise still be glows which might set fire to waste or waste bag.

## **Sound Advice**

### ***Kindling after some lengthy pause***

If the insert has not been used for a protracted period, it should be checked whether the smoke ducts are intact, and whether there might be blockings in the chimney prior to kindling.

### ***Chimney Fire***

In the event of chimney fire, it is recommended to close the door and the damper, and possibly call the fire brigade.

### ***Cleaning of Fireplace Insert***

All Lotus fireplace inserts have been factory surface treated using original Senotherm lacquer in colours "coke" or "grey". This treatment will make the fireplace insert exude a special smell during the initial kindlings but this will vanish after a few times. Provide good airing. Maintain the surface by brushing it, using a soft, long-haired auto brush. A cloth with water or other matter may not be used.

### ***Maintenance of Fireplace Insert***

It is recommended that the maintenance of your stove be performed by a qualified service engineer, and that only spares recommended by the manufacturer be used.

**Packings** may look neat but they will collapse in the heat and will thus lose their ability to keep the fireplace insert tight. Packings should be replaced as required since good combustion and a clean pane will very much depend on the fireplace insert being tight.

**Skamol** broken or worn may easily be replaced as these have been mounted loosely.

**The smoke turn plate** may be worn. It is readily replaced and is fitted as described above.

**Painting** of the fireplace insert using Senotherm spray may cover spots or small scratches. Major damage to be abraded using fine steel wool, vacuum cleaned, and then sprayed. The tin to be shaken vigorously, spraying at a distance of 15-20cm. It is imperative that your fireplace insert be out of operation and quite cold before the spray is used, otherwise you might cause severe damage on account of fire risk.

### ***Kindling Wood***

Kindling wood is the designation for finely chopped small wood pins, 20-30cm long and having a diameter of 2-3cm.

### ***Wood***

Birch, beech, oak, ash, elm, conifers as well as fruit trees are all suitable for wood chopping.

Pressure-creosoted wood, chipboards, coloured leaflets or calendared paper are, however, not suitable in a fireplace insert. They will develop hydrochloric acid or heavy metals much to the detriment of the fireplace insert and to the environment.

Firewood for your Lotus fireplace insert should have a diameter of 7-9cm. The essence of good combustion is that the wood should be appropriately dry (at a humidity of 13-18%). If your firewood is too wet, making it burn will prove hard, there will be no chimney draught, it will smoke a lot, and it will provide a lower degree of utilization as the water will have to evaporate first. Further, this may cause damage to your fireplace insert and chimney by way of shining soot and tar encrustation. At worst, this may cause a chimney fire. If your firewood is far too dry, it will burn too quickly. Frequently, the gases in the wood will be released at a rate quicker than they will burn, and part of these will, in unburned condition, pass up through the chimney. This will also cause a lower degree of utilization and will harm the environment.

So it is a matter of a balance which you will, with a little exercise, find reasonably easy to find. Reference is also made to Keeping below.

### ***Keeping of Wood***

Your best keeping of your wood will be under a roof, still with good airing, like in a carport or under a shed roof. Putting your wood on a wooden pallet or the like, so as to keep it clear of the ground, would be a good idea. Fresh wood which has been sawn and chopped should preferably be left in this way for one or two years, depending on the type of wood.

### ***What is available in your fireplace insert?***

In your fireplace insert, you will find the present assembly and user instructions, as well as a glove which will come in handy for firing.

## ***Warning***

- The door should always be kept closed at normal operation, and may be opened for kindling and firing only.
- At normal use, the surface will run hot, and due care should be taken
- Any unauthorized change of the insert will render the warranty nil and void

## **Operating Trouble**

If you have any problems with your Lotus fireplace insert, you may find the cause below. If not, you will always be welcome to contact your Lotus distributor.

### **Your fireplace insert is hard to control – it burns too quickly**

If your fireplace insert is new, check that you have followed our instructions.

If your fireplace insert is more than one year old, or if it has been used extensively, the packings may have to be replaced as the heat may cause the packings to lose their ability to keep your fireplace insert tight.

### **Poor fireplace insert draught after the installation**

Check that the assembly instructions have been followed. In particular, the conditions round the chimney may cause trouble. Are the diameter and the height OK, is it tight, and are flues and transitions tight? A chimney sweeper may have to be contacted to remedy the problem as the chimney may be blocked.

### **Smelling of smoke and soot**

This may be due to wind down draught in the chimney and would generally occur in particular wind directions. The chimney may be too short in relation to the roof ridge, or trees may have grown up, generating turbulence.

### **Making your fireplace insert burn proves hard, or the fire may go out**

This may be due to a number of causes. Those most typical are:

The damper is not open enough.

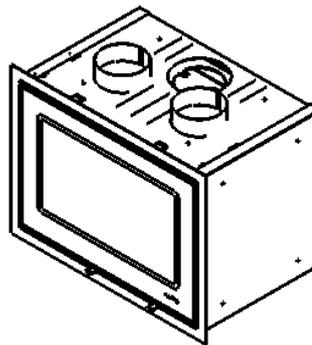
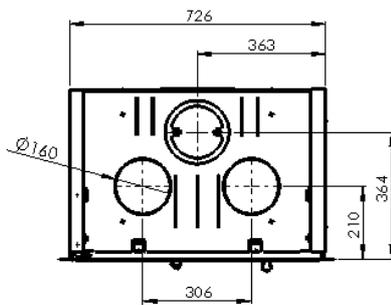
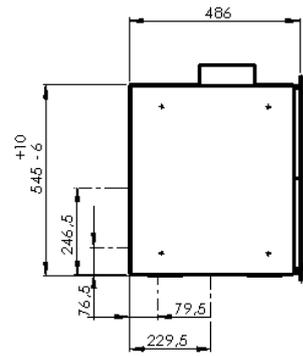
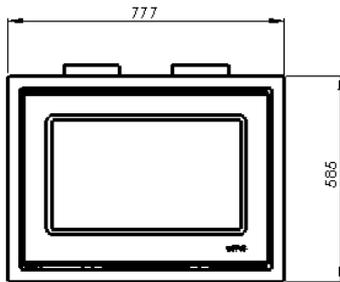
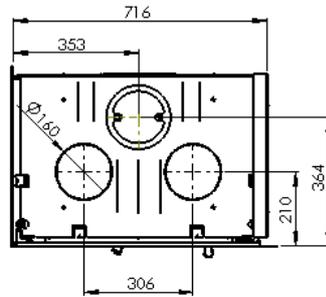
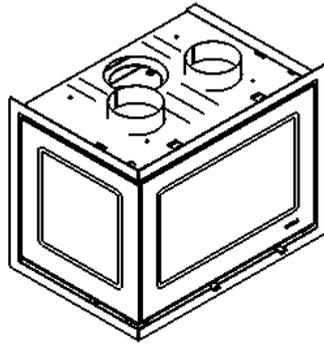
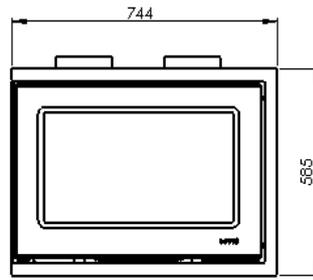
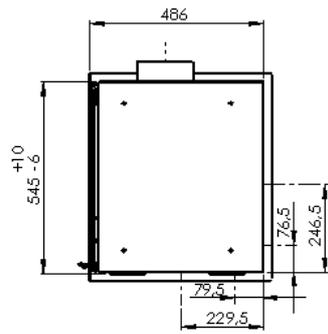
The firewood is too wet.

The draught in the chimney is too small; it may have been blocked or is untight.

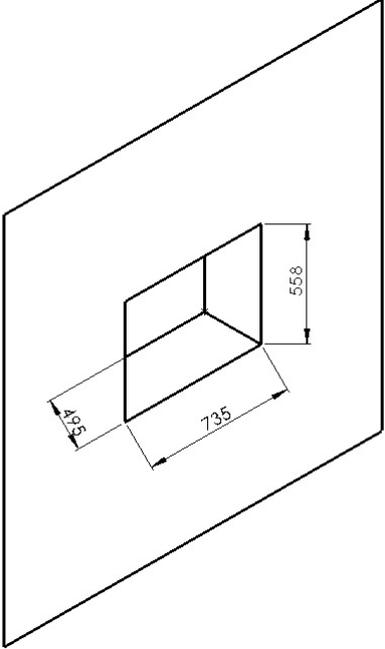
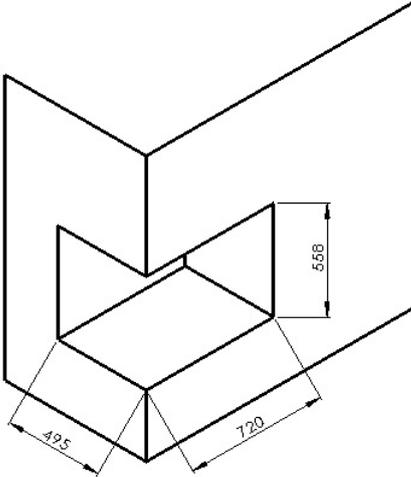
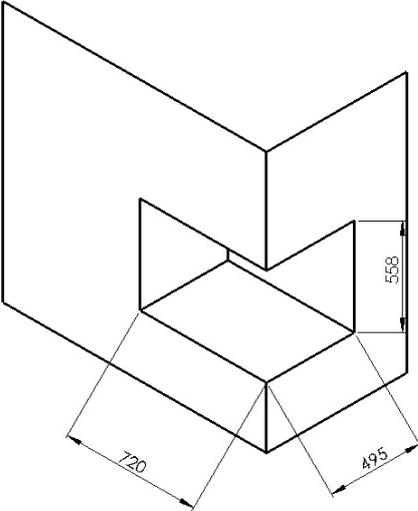
The layer of glows was too small/had glown out and did not produce sufficient heat to kindle the pieces of wood. A little primary air may be supplied by opening the door ajar.

Depending on the particular kind of trouble, you may have to contact your Lotus distributor or a chimney sweeper.

## **Unico**



Dimensions of the mounting hole



## **WARRANTY**

## Lotus Wood Stove - 10-Year Warranty

From 1 September 2014, Lotus is offering a 10-year warranty instead of a five-year warranty. This warranty applies to stoves which are supplied by Lotus after this date.

This warranty covers Lotus Wood Stove model \_\_\_\_\_ production no. \_\_\_\_\_ purchased on the \_\_\_\_\_.

This warranty covers normal firing – i.e. using ordinary chopped wood and pressed wood briquettes, and only provided the stove is otherwise operated to the specifications of the directions for use.

This warranty covers the faultless function of the stove, and does not cover overheating damage, damage to lacquer, wearing parts and movable parts such as glass, Skamol, stones, shaker grate, smoke baffle plates, packings, slide gate, and closing gear.

This warranty shall lapse if this stove is not operated so as to comply with the directions for use, and if deficiencies or similar are aimed to be/are remedied by a person not authorized by Lotus Heating Systems A/S. This warranty does not cover damage caused by inappropriate, non-expert/incompetent use of the stove.

If a product is returned to Lotus Heating Systems A/S, and the damage subsequently turns out not to be covered by this warranty, any costs incurred shall be incumbent on the customer.

For any warranty repair, the warranty period for the repair carried out shall not be extended but shall continue to follow the original warranty period.

This warranty shall be valid only if duly completed and subject to simultaneous presentation of distributor's original invoice. The warranty period shall follow the invoice date.

Congratulations on your new Lotus Wood Stove.

Yours Sincerely,

Distributor:



Johnny Ebstrup  
**Lotus Heating Systems A/S**

# EC Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer: Lotus heating Systems A/S  
Agertoften 6, 5550 Langeskov  
Denmark

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Product: Inserts fired by solid fuel  
Type designation: Lotus  
Standard: EN 13229:2001/A2:2004/AC:2007  
Fuels: Wood logs

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Manufacturer's declaration: The inserts are approved by RRF Rhein-Ruhr feuerstätten Prüfstelle D- 45307 Essen (NB 1625). Manufacture of the product has taken place in accordance with these documents that are the basis for the relevant type approval certification and the required manufacturing checks.

Product code	Emission of CO @ 13 % O <sup>2</sup>	Nominel Output kW	Energy efficiency %	Fire safety and Surface temperatur	Release of dangerous substance	Report no.
Lotus 370 Petite	0,09	5,8	77	Satisfies	None	RRF-29 16 4424-1
Lotus H470/H570	0,09	6	84	Satisfies	None	RRF-29 14 3815
Lotus H470W/H570W	0,10	7	80,5	Satisfies	None	RRF-29 13 3240
Lotus H570T	0,10	6	80,4	Satisfies	None	RRF-29 08 1600
Lotus H700	0,04	6	82,9	Satisfies	None	RRF-29 08 1703
Lotus Unico	0,08	6	80	Satisfies	None	RRF-29 14 3554
Lotus H486	0,10	8,9	82	Satisfies	None	RRF-29 16 4387
Lotus H586	0,09	11	80	Satisfies	None	RRF-29 16 4324
Lotus Prestige Integra	0,07	5	80	Satisfies	None	RRF-29 14 3642

Johnny Ebstrup  
Lotus Heating Systems A/S

## Product Fiche

Name or trademark	Lotus	Notes
Model identifier	Unico series	

<b>Energy efficiency class</b>	<i>A+</i>	
<b>Direct heat output</b>	<i>6,0 kW</i>	-meaning the space heat output according to the product standard -rounded to the nearest one decimal place
<b>Energy efficiency index (EEI)</b>	<i>107,0</i>	-rounded to the <u>nearest integer</u> : 
<b>Energy efficiency at nominal heat output</b>	<i>80,0 %</i>	-Efficiency at nominal heat output according to the product standard (rounded to the nearest one decimal place)
<b>Specific precautions that shall be taken when assembling, installing or maintaining the local space heater.</b>	<b>Selected examples:</b> - Fire protection and safety distances such as distances to combustible building materials must be observed! - An adequate supply of combustion air for the appliance must be guaranteed at all times. Air-suction systems can interfere with the combustion air supply!	

### Produktdatenblatt

Name oder Waren Zeichen	<i>Lotus</i>	Hinweise
<b>Modell Kennung</b>	<i>Unico serie</i>	
<b>Energieeffizienzklasse</b>	<i>A+</i>	
<b>Direkte Wärmeleistung</b>	<i>6,0 kW</i>	- ist die Raumwärmeleistung nach den hEN's - auf die erste Dezimalstelle auf- bzw. abgerundet
<b>Energie Effizienz Index (EEI)</b>	<i>107,0</i>	- wird auf die <u>nächstliegenden ganze Zahl gerundet</u> : 
<b>Brennstoff-Energie Effizienz bei Nenn Wärmeleistung</b>	<i>80,0 %</i>	- Wirkungsgrad bei Nennwärmeleistung nach Norm (auf erste Dezimalstelle gerundet)
<b>Hinweise zu besonderen Vorkerungen für Zusammenbau, Installation oder Wartung des Einzelraumheizgerätes</b>	<b>Ausgewählte Beispiele:</b> - Die Brandschutz- und Sicherheitsabstände u.a. zu brennbaren Baustoffen müssen unbedingt eingehalten werden! - Der Feuerstätte muss immer ausreichend Verbrennungsluft zuströmen können. Luftabsaugende Anlagen können die Verbrennungsluftversorgung stören!	

### Fiche produit

Raison social ou marque	<i>Lotus</i>	Notes
<b>Désignation de modèle</b>	<i>Unico serie</i>	
<b>Classe de performance énergétique</b>	<i>A+</i>	
<b>Puissance nominale</b>	<i>6,0 kW</i>	-Indiquant la chaleur standard émis par l'appareil de chauffage
<b>Indice d'efficacité énergétique (EEI)</b>	<i>107,0</i>	- arrondie à l'entier le plus proche: 
<b>Rendement par rapport à la puissance nominale</b>	<i>80,0 %</i>	-Rendement à la puissance nominale en fonction de la norme de produit (arrondi à la décimale près)
<b>Precautions spécifique Pour l'assemblage, l'installation ou l'entretien du poêle à bois.</b>	<b>Exemples divers:</b> <i>Protection contre incendie et distances de sécurité aux matériaux inflammables doit être observé !</i> <i>Un correct apport d'air de combustion doit être garanti toujours, soit par grille de ventilation non blocable, soit par gainage d'air frais directement au poêle si des systèmes de ventilation mécanique interfère avec l'apport d'air.</i>	